

# Brothers Crying Out From the Ground: The Biblical Roots of Our Divided Society Judy Klitsner

# 1. Cain and Abel

א) וְהָאָדָם יָדַע אֶת חַוָּה אִשְׁתּוֹ וַתַּהַר וַתֵּלֶד אֶת קַיִּו וַתּאֹמֶר קָנִיתִי אִישׁ אֶת יְדֹוְד :ב) וַתֹּסֶף לָלֶדֶת אֶת אָחִיו אָת הָבָל וַיְהִי הֶבֶּל וַיְהִי הֶבֶּל וַיְהִי הֶבֶּל וַיְהִי הֶבֶּל וַיְהִי הֶבֶּל וַיְהִי הָבֶּל וַיְבָּא מַבְּבְּרוֹת צֹאנוֹ וּמַחֶלְבַהָּן וַיִּשַׁע יְדֹוָד אֶל הֶבֶל וְאֶל מִנְחָתוֹ: ה) וְאֶל קַיִּו וְאֶל לִדְד :ד) וְהָבֶּל הֵבִיא גֵם הוּא מִבְּכֹּרוֹת צֹאנוֹ וּמַחֶלְבַהָּן וַיִּשַׁע יְדֹוָד אֶל הֶבֶל וְאֶל מִנְחָתוֹ: ה) וְאֶל קַיִּו וְאֶל הְבָּל הָבֶל הְיַנְיוּ לֵא הָבִיל וְיִשְׁלּ בְּנִיוּ: (ו) וַיִּאֹמֶר יְקֹוֵן אֶל־הָבָל אָחִיו לֵא שָׁעָה וַיִּחָר לְּקִין מְאֹד וְיִּפְּלוּ פְּנָיוּ: (ו) וַיִּאֹמֶר וְמָוֹן הְאָל־בְּוֹן לְשָׁה תִּמְשְׁל־בְּּוֹ: וְיִאֹמֶר הַיִּן הְאָל הָבְל אְחִיו וַיִּהַרְגָהוּ: וְאָל הָבל אָחֵיו וַיִּהֹר בְּנִיוֹנִ מְאֹד וְיִהְלְבָּה וַיִּקִם הְיוֹ אֶל־הַבְּל אַחִיו וַיִּהֹר גְּהוּ

The man knew Eve... she conceived and bore Cain, and said: 'I have acquired a man with the LORD.' And she continued to give birth to his brother Abel. And Abel was a keeper of sheep, and Cain was a tiller of the ground. At the end of days, Cain brought of the fruit of the ground an offering to the LORD. And Abel, he also brought of the firstlings of his flock and of the fat thereof. And the LORD paid heed to Abel and to his offering; but to Cain and to his offering He did not pay heed. And Cain was very angry and his face fell. And the Lord said to Cain, "Why are you angry and why has your face fallen? Is it not so: if you do well, there will be uplift, and if you do not do well, sin couches at the door; and to you is its desire, but you may rule over it." And Cain said to Abel his brother, and it was when they were in the field, Cain rose up against Abel his brother, and killed him.

# 2. Abarbanel on verse 1

I have acquired a man with the Lord. ... she said this in order to brag: if the first time, woman was created from man—flesh of his flesh and bone of his bones—now the man, Cain, is made from the woman, Havvah... Therefore, man has no superiority over



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woman, since now man comes from woman. 'I have acquired a man with God' means she attributed (Cain) to herself and not to his father.

## 3. Bereishit 1:16

ָויַעשׁ אֵלהִים ...אֶת־הַמָּאָוֹר הַגָּדֹל *לָמֵמְשׁלֵת* הַיֹּוֹם וְאֵת־הַמָּאָוֹר הַקָּטֹן לְמֵמְשֵׁלֵת הַלַּיִלָּה וְאֵת הַכּּוֹכָבֶים:

God made... the greater light to <u>rule</u> the day and the lesser light to <u>rule</u> the night and the stars.

#### 4. Radak on verse 7

הלא אם תטיב שאת - אם תטיב לבך ומעשיך יהיה לך <u>שאת,</u> פירוש כפרה וסליחה כמו <u>נושא עון (</u>שמות ל"ד) של חטאת הוא יצר הרע...

**If you will do well there will be uplift.** If you improve your heart and deeds you will have uplift, meaning atonement and forgiveness of sin, that is the evil inclination...

#### Bereishit 49:3

ָרָאוּבֵן בָּכֹרָי אַתָּה כֹּחִי וְרֵאשִׁית אוֹנִי יֻתֵר שָּׂאֵת וְיֵתֵר עָז:

Reuben, you are my first born... <u>exceeding in rank</u> and exceeding in honor.

#### 5. Bereishit Rabbah

על מה היו מדיינים? אמרו בואו ונחלוק את העולם אחד נטל הקרקעות ואחד נטל את המטלטלין. דין אמר ארעא דאת קאים עליה דידי ודין אמר מה דאת לביש דידי. דין אמר חלוץ ודין אמר פרח מתוך כך ויקם קין אל הבל אחיו ויהרגהו. רבי יהושע דסכנין בשם רבי לוי אמר שניהם נטלו את הקרקעות ושניהן נטלו את המטלטלין ועל מה היו מדיינין? אלא זה אומר בתחומי בית המקדש נבנה וזה אומר בתחומי בית המקדש נבנה... ומתוך כך (בראשית ד) ויקם קין אל הבל אחיו וגו<sup>י</sup>. יהודה בר אמי אמר על חוה הראשונה היו מדיינין...

Cain said to Abel his brother... What were they arguing about? They said, "Come, let us divide the world." One took the land and the other took the moveable objects. One said, "The land you are standing on his mine." The other said, "What you are wearing is



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mine." One said, "Take it off!" the other said, "Get off!" As a result, "Cain arose over Abel his brother and killed him."

... What were they arguing about? One said, "In my portion will the holy temple be built." The other said, "In my portion will the holy temple be built"... As a result, Cain arose over Abel his brother and killed him."

Rabbi Yehuda bar Ami said, "They were arguing about Havvah."

#### Rashi on verse 8:

נכנס עמו בדברי ריב ומצה להתעולל עליו להרגו ויש בזה מדרשי אגדה אך זה ישובו של מקרא:

**Cain said to Abel.** He engaged in contentious words with him, to create a pretext to kill him. There are many midrashim on this, but this is the plain sense of the text.

#### 6. Bereishit 37

וַיָּבֵא יוֹמֵף אֶת־דִּבָּתָם רָעָה אֶל־אֲבִיהֶם :וְיִשְׂרָאֵל אָהַב אֶת־יוֹמֵף מִכָּל־בָּנָּיו בִּי־בֶּן־זְקַנֵים הָוּא לֵוֹ וְעָשָׂה לָוֹ בְּתָנֶת פַּסֵּים :וַיִּרִאוּ אֵחָיו בֵּי־אֹתוֹ אָהַב אֵבִיהֵם מִבָּל־אֶחָׁיו וַיִּשִׂנְאוּ אֹתְוֹ וְלָא יָכִלְוּ דַּבִּרוֹ לִשְׁלֹם :

וַיַּחֲלָם יוֹסֵף חֲלוֹם וַיַּגָּד לְאֶחֲיו וַיּוֹסָפּוּ עָוֹד שְׂנָא אֹתְוֹ :... וַיִּאמְרוּ לוֹ אֶחָיו הַמָּלְךּ תִּמְלֹךְּ עָלֵינוּ אִם־מָשָׁוֹל תִּמְשְׁלֹ בָּנוּ וַיּוֹסֶפּוּ עוֹד שְׁנָא אֹתֹוֹ עַל־חֲלֹמֹתָיו וְעַל־דְּבָבֶיו :וַיִּחֲלָם עוֹד חֲלָוֹם אֵחֵׁר וַיְּסַפֵּר אֹתָוֹ לְאֶחֲיו וַיּאֹמֶר הִנֵּה חָלֵמְתִּי חֲלוֹם עוֹד וְהִנֵּה הַשָּׁמֶשׁ וְהַיָּרֵח וְאָחָד עָשֶׂר בְּוֹכָבִּים מִשְׁתַחָוָים לִי:

Joseph brought bad reports of them to their father. Israel loved Joseph best of all his sons because he was the child of his old age; he made him a colorful tunic. His brothers saw that their father loved him best and they hated him; they could not speak a friendly word to him. Joseph dreamed a dream and told his brothers and they hated him more... His brothers said to him, "Do you mean to reign over us? Do you mean to rule over us?" They hated him even more for his dreams and his words. He dreamed another dream and told his brothers. He said, "... the sun and the moon and eleven stars were bowing down to me."

# 7. Bereishit 39

וַיְהִּי אַחַר´ הַדְּבָרֵים הָאֵٰלֶּה וַתִּשֶּׂא אֲשֶׁת־אֲדֹנֵיו אֶת־עֵינֶיהָ אֶל־יוֹסֵף וַתָּאׁמֶר שִׁכְבָה עִמְּי: וַיְמָאֵׁוֹ וַיּאׁמֶר´ אֶל־ אֵשֶׁת אֲדֹנָיו הֵן אֲדֹנִי לֹא־יָדַע אִתָּי מַה־בַּבֵּיִת... וַיְהִּי כְּדַבְּרָהּ אֶל־יוֹסֵף יָוֹםוֹ יֻוֹם וְלֹא־שָׁמַע אֵלֶיִהָ לִשְׁכַּב אֶצְלֶהּ לְהִיוֹת עְמֵהּ:...וַתִּתִפְּשֵׂהוּ בִּבִגִּדֵוֹ לֵאמָר שִׁכְבֵה עְמֵי וַיִּעָזָב בִּגִּדֹוֹ בִּיֵלָה וַיִּנָס וַיִּצֵא הַחִוּצָה :... וַתִּקְרֵּא לְאַנִשִׁי



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# Brothers Crying Out from the Ground Judy Klitsner judyklitsner@gmail.com



בֵיתָה וַתָּאֹמֶר לָהֶם ׁ לֵאמֹר רְאֹוּ הֵבִיא לֶנוּ אֵישׁ עִבְרֵי לְצַחֶּק בֶּנוּ בֵּא אֵלֵי לִשְׁפַּב עִמִּׁי וָאֶקְרָא בְּקוֹל גְּדְוֹל:... וַתַּבַּח בִּגְּדָוֹ אֶצְלֶה עַד־בָּוֹא אֲדֹנֵיו אֶל־בֵּיתוֹ :וַתְּדַבֵּר אֵלֶיוֹ כַּדְּבָרִים הָאֻלֶּה לֵאמֵר בַּא־אַלֵי הָעֶבֶד הַעִבְרֵי אֲשֶׁר הֵבֶאתָ לֻנוּ לְצַחֶק בָּי:.. וַיְהִי בִּשְׁמֹעַ אֲדֹנָיו אֶת־דַּבְרַי אִשְׁתֹּוֹ אֲשֶׁר דַּבְּרָה אֵלָיוֹ לַאמֹר כַּדְּבְרַים הָאֵלֶּה עֲשָׂה לֶי עַבְדֵּךּ וַיִּחַר אַפִּוֹ:

After these things, his master's wife raised her eyes to Joseph and said, "Lie with me!" He refused and said to his master's wife... She spoke to Joseph every day and he would not heed her to lie with her... she grabbed him by his clothing saying, "Lie with me!" He left his garment in her hand and he fled... She called her household staff and said to them, "See, he has brought a Hebrew man to mock us. He came to me, to lie with me, and I cried out in a loud voice..." She kept his garment with her until his master came to his home. She spoke to him such words as these, saying, "he came to me, the Hebrew servant, whom you brought to us, to mock me..." When his master heard the words of his wife which she had spoken to him saying, "such as these things (words) your servant did to me," his anger flared.

# 8. Bereishit 45, 50

וַיּאמֶר יוֹמֵף אֶל־אֶחָיוֹ אֲנֵי יוֹמֵף " וְלְאֹ־יָכְלְוּ אֶחָיוֹ לַעֲנָוֹת אֹתֹוֹ כֵּי נִבְהַלָּוּ מִפְּנֵיו: וַיֹּאמֶר יוֹמֵף אֶל־אֶחָיוֹ אֲנִי יוֹמֵף אֶל־אֶחָיוֹ אֲלִייָכְלְּוּ אֶחָיוֹ לַעֲנָוֹת אֹתֹוֹ כֵּי נִבְהַלָּוּ מִפְּנֵיו: וַיּאמֶר יוֹמֵף אֲלִי יוֹמֵף אֲחִיכֶּם אֲשֶׁר־מְכַרְתָּם אֹתִי מִצְרֵיְמָה: וְעַתָּהוֹ אַל־תַּעֲצְבֹּוּ וְאַל־יִחַר בְּעִינִיכֶּם כִּי־ אֲלָהִים לְפְנֵיכֶם:...וְעַתָּה לְאֹ־אַתֶּם שֹׁתִי הֵנָּה כִּי לְמְחְיָּה שְׁלָחַנִי אֱלֹהָים לִפְנֵיכֶם:...וְעַתָּה לְאֹ־אַתֶּם שִׁלַחְתָּם אֹתִי הַנְּהֹב אֵלִי אֲלְהָים וִיְשִׁבְּתָּ בְאֶבֶץץ־גֹּשֶׁן וְהָיֻיִתְ קְרוֹב אֵלֵי אַתְּהְ וֹשְׁלְבְּב לְבָּלְ־אֵלְיִוֹ אְתְּךְּ שָׁם...
וּבְּנָיךְ וּבְּנֵיךְ בָּנֵיךְ... וְכִלְּבַלְתֵּי אְתְרְּ שָׁם...

Joseph said to his brothers, "I am Joseph... and they were unable to answer him because they were dumbfounded... Joseph said to his brothers, "Draw near to me," and they drew near. And he said, "I am Joseph your brother, whom you sold to Egypt. And now, do not be distressed or reproach yourselves because you sold me here; God has sent me before you to save life... Now it is not you who sent me here, but God; He has made me a father to Pharaoh... and a <u>ruler</u> over all the land of Egypt. You will dwell in the land of Goshen and be close to me, you and your children and grandchildren... and I will provide for you there..."





וַיִּפַּל עַל צַוָּארֵי בִנָיָמִן אָחִיו וַיַּבְרָ... וַיִנַשֶּׁק לְכָל אֵחָיו וַיִּבְרָ עַלֶהֶם וְאַחַרֵי כֶן דְּבָּרוּ אֵחַיו אָתּו

He fell on Benjamin's neck and cried and Benjamin cried on his neck... and he kissed all his brothers and cried upon them, and afterwards his brothers spoke to him.

... וַיִּנַחֶם אוֹתָם וַיִּדְבֵּר עַל לְבַּם:

...[And Joseph] consoled them, speaking to their hearts.

# 9. R. Yehuda Leon Ashkenazi

אם אנחנו היינו כותבים את הפסוק היינו כותבים 'ואהבת את בני האדם כמוך'. מדוע דווקא 'לרעך'? האם לא ראוי לאהוב גם את מי שאינו רעך? ...הציווי צריך להיות קודם כל כלפי רעך. קל לנו יותר לאהוב את מי שרחוק מאיתנו, את מי שאין לנו איתו מערכת יחסים קרובה ואין לנו מחויבות כלפיו. החיבה אליו היא כללית ואמורפית. משום כך התורה מצווה אותנו ...לאהוב את הקרוב – רעך, כמוך.

If we were to write this verse, we would have written, "Love human beings as yourself." Why specifically "your fellow"? Would it not be more fitting to love the one who is *not* your fellow? [But] the command has to be first and foremost in relation to your fellow. It is easier for us to love those who are far from us, those with whom we are not in a close relationship... Love for those people is general and amorphous. For this reason, the Torah commands us to love the one who is near, your fellow, as yourself.

#### Teacher Bio

Judy Klitsner is a senior educator at Pardes. A disciple of the great Torah teacher Nehama Leibowitz, Judy lectures internationally, bringing an accessible, text-based teaching style to her broad and diverse audiences. Judy is the author of the award-winning book *Subversive Sequels in the Bible: How Biblical Stories Mine and Undermine Each Other*. She is the founding board chair of Sacred Spaces, an organization that seeks to address abuses of power in Jewish institutions.

